



Education
SUPERHIGHWAY

Internet access progress for New Mexico's public schools

Presentation to Public Schools Capital Outlay Council

September 13th, 2017



Agenda

- EducationSuperHighway overview
- Summary of 2016 aggregation study
- Updates since 2016 study
- Conclusions
- Questions



Our mission

Upgrade the Internet access in every public school classroom in America so that all students can take advantage of the promise of digital learning.

Aggregation Financial Modeling – summer 2016

New Mexico's Goal: Support K-12 schools to ensure that their broadband infrastructure is able to support digital learning.

Study Goal: Understand comparative costs of different Internet access solutions for New Mexico schools districts, considering the benefits of collective action. The study provides **a basis for the state to decide on future action.**

Solutions considered:

1. Baseline – districts continue to purchase bandwidth at current pricing levels; no state intervention
2. Procurement optimization – state provides procurement assistance to districts to drive competitive pricing within regional clusters
3. Backbone – the state establishes a network in which school districts connect to interconnected regional hubs

2016 aggregation study - conclusions

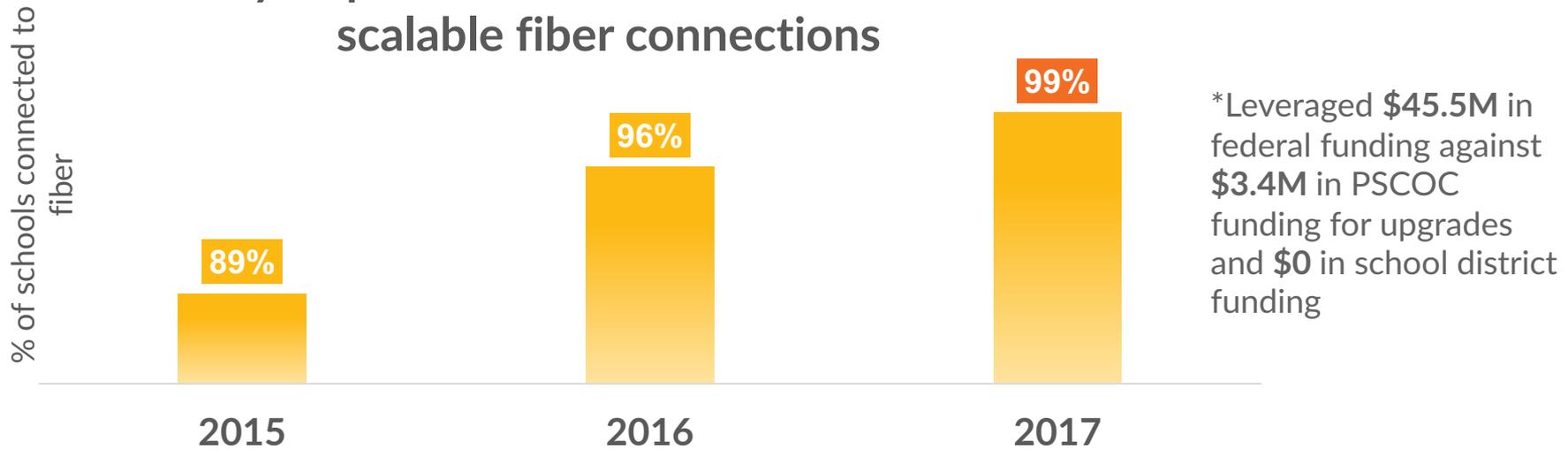
1. Current price levels are a barrier to scaling up bandwidth for some districts
2. Cost of and participation in backbone network is uncertain
 - 5 year circuit costs range from \$20M-\$60M
 - Fixed costs of managing and maintaining the network are \$740K-\$4M/year; necessitates strong district participation
 - Based on experiences in other states, backbone will require 5+ years of planning and implementation to get >50% of schools on network
- 3. Procurement optimization approach yields best outcome in the near-term, minimizes financial risk to the state**

Recommendation:

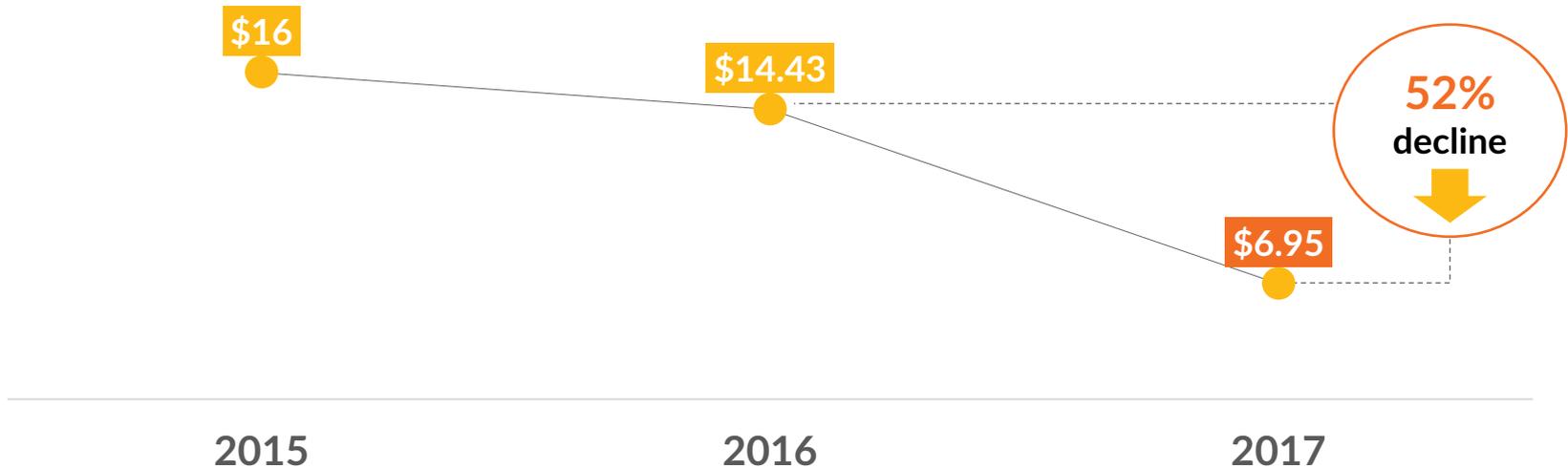
1. Pursue a pricing optimization strategy during 2016-17 E-rate cycle
 - Support IA procurements so that districts receive the best pricing available in their locale
2. Use market information captured from price optimization strategy to determine if a physical aggregation approach is viable in the long-term

Updates since 2016 study

Nearly all public schools in New Mexico have scalable fiber connections



Median cost/Mbps has dropped by 50% year over year



School districts are participating in BDCP/BB4E support programs



Fiber projects – **28 RFPs** supported in 2015-16 and 2016-17

- \$3.4M in state funding + \$45.5M in federal funding (\$0 in school district funding)



Wi-Fi projects – **95 projects** supported over the past two years

- \$1.6M in state funding + \$10.5M in federal funding



Affordability resources – nearly **2/3 of school districts** pay less for Internet this year compared to last year

- Pricing transparency – customized broadband information sheets
- Statewide Internet access pricing agreement: 18 districts received ceiling quotes that were lower than their current costs, 7 different vendors awarded

Regional aggregation points are developing naturally

REC 6 (Eastern New Mexico) reduced their cost/Mbps by nearly 50% from their existing service providers after aggregating demand and using price transparency.

Entities in **Grants County** are exploring a partnership between Western New Mexico University, Silver Consolidated Schools, and the town of Silver City to combine their purchasing power and dramatically increase Internet bandwidth

The **Jemez Tribal Consortium** had a fiber construction project approved by E-rate that will connect 3 tribal schools and 2 tribal libraries to fiber and to the Albuquerque GigaPoP for Internet access

Conclusions

1. Connect remaining schools to fiber through BB4E/BDCP support programs
2. Continue to drive Internet access prices down by supporting school district procurements, where needed
 - Price transparency
 - Procurement vehicles
 - Group purchasing, where there is local interest

Questions?